

Chapter 2

Problems for You to Do: (Sec. 2.2 to 2.3)

2.4, 2.5

1. a) Construct a frequency table for the "Global Sales" data:

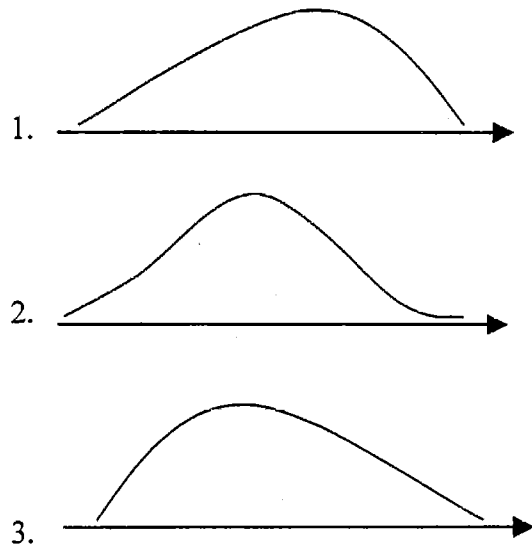
Global Sales (\$ Billions US)	Tally	Frequency
3.0 - 3.9		
4.0 - 4.9		
5.0 - 5.9		
6.0 - 6.9		
7.0 - 7.9		
8.0 - 8.9		
9.0 - 9.9		
10.0 - 10.9		

- b) What are the **boundaries** of the first class?
 c) What is the **class width**?
 d) What is the **class mark** of the last class?
 e) Construct a **relative frequency histogram** for the "Global Sales". Clearly label and scale both axes, and identify the "tick marks" on each axis.
 f) Construct a suitable stem and leaf plot for the "Global Sales" data. (Identify the "stem" and the "leaf".)

2. Which histogram shape to the right

- a) is called skewed to the right?
 b) do you think best suits the variable "the speeds of cars along a straight section of the Upper Levels Highway where the speed limit is 80 km/h"?

Briefly explain why you chose the one you did, and mark 80 km/h on the graph.

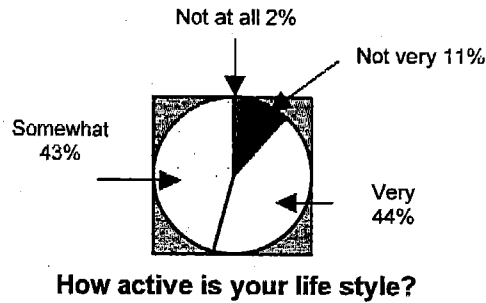


Of the top 20 companies in 1998 global pharmaceutical sales, half have since merged or announced plans to merge.

Rank	Company	Global sales (\$ Billions U.S.)	Merger status
1.	Novartis	\$10.6	—
	Merck & Co.	10.6	—
3.	Glaxo-Wellcome	10.5	Buying SmithKline
4.	Pfizer	9.9	Trying to buy Warner
5.	Bristol-Myers Squibb	9.8	—
6.	Johnson & Johnson	9.0	—
7.	American Home	7.8	Trying to buy Warner
8.	Roche	7.6	—
9.	Lilly	7.4	—
10.	SmithKline Beecham	7.3	Being acquired by Glaxo
11.	Astra	6.9	Merged with Zeneca
12.	Abbott	6.4	—
13.	Hoechst-Marion Roussel	6.2	Merged with Rhône
14.	Schering-Plough	6.2	—
15.	Warner Lambert	6.0	Both Pfizer and American Home have made bids
17.	Rhône-Poulenc Rore	5.6	Merged with Hoechst
18.	Rhone-Poulenc Rore	4.5	Merged with Hoechst
19.	Zeneca	3.7	Merged with Astra
20.	Boehringer Ingelheim	3.6	—

Source: The Vancouver Sun, p. D4; Jan. 18, 2000

3. How many degrees is the central angle for the "Not at all" response?



4. If you are constructing a frequency table for the weight of newborns and you decide to use a class width of 0.4 kg and a lower class limit of 1.6 kg for the first class,
- fill in the blanks for the other class limits in the table to the right
 - what is the class mark of the first class?

Weights (kg.)	
1.6	—
—	—
—	—

5. The 100 m sprint times (sec) and heart rates (beats per minute) for a sample of students are given to the right.

- Is **heart rate** a discrete or continuous variable?
- Construct a frequency table for the **sprint times**.

Sprint Times	Tally	Frequency
11.5 – 11.9		
12.0 – 12.4		
12.5 – 12.9		
13.0 – 13.4		
13.5 – 13.9		
14.0 – 14.4		
14.5 – 14.9		
15.0 – 15.4		

Sprint Time	Heart Rate
13.6	85
15.2	92
12.3	80
13.2	102
13.7	86
13.3	95
14.1	92
11.8	87
12.5	72
12.7	78
13.2	83
11.5	80
14.6	90
12.7	103
13.2	77
12.1	79
13.4	96
12.9	87
13.1	82
12.0	76
12.6	79
14.0	86
13.9	92
12.3	83
12.9	80

- What is the **relative frequency** for the 12.5 – 12.9 interval?
- Construct a frequency histogram for the sprint times. Be sure to
 - label each axis
 - identify the numbers that corresponds to each tick mark on each axis

GO Network Sports : Vancouver Canucks - Roster

6.

MATTIAS OHLUND	D	6.03	220 lbs
BRET HEDICAN	D	6.02	205 lbs.
BRYAN MCCABE	D	6.01	204 lbs.
DANA MURZYN	D	6.02	208 lbs.
ADRIAN AUCOIN	D	6.02	210 lbs.
JAMIE HUSCROFT	D	6.02	210 lbs.
DONALD BRASHEAR	LW	6.02	225 lbs.
BRAD MAY	LW	6.01	205 lbs.
MARK MESSIER	C	6.01	200 lbs.
*BILL MUCKALT	C	6.00	190 lbs.
BERT ROBERTSSON	D	6.03	210 lbs.
MARKUS NASLUND	LW	6.00	195 lbs.
DAVE SCATCHARD	C	6.02	220 lbs.
MURRAY BARON	D	6.03	215 lbs.
*MATT COOKE	C	5.11	200 lbs.
STEVE STAIOS	RW	6.00	200 lbs.
TRENT KLATT	RW	6.01	205 lbs.
HARRY YORK	C	6.01	220 lbs.
GARTH SNOW	G	6.03	200 lbs.
COREY HIRSCH	G	5.10	175 lbs.
JASON STRUDWICK	D	6.03	225 lbs.
CHRIS MCALLISTER	D	6.07	235 lbs.
TODD BERTUZZI	LW	6.03	225 lbs.
ALEXANDER MOGILNY	RW	5.11	200 lbs.

a) Construct a frequency table for the weights of the Canucks

Weights (lbs.)	Tally	Frequency
175 - 184		
185 - 194		
195 - 204		
205 - 214		
215 - 224		
225 - 234		
235 - 244		

b) What are the class boundaries of the first class?

c) What is the class mark of the last class?

d) Construct a histogram for the players' weights. **Label** each axis and **identify** the numbers for each tick mark on each axis.

e) Construct a stem and leaf plot for the weights.

7. Preliminary results from the Math 101-1 statistics survey yielded the following responses to the question "How many cups of coffee did you drink yesterday?"

0, 0, 2, 0, 8, 1, 0, 1, 1, 3, 0, 2, 4, 0, 1, 0, 5, 0, 0, 2

a) Construct a **frequency table** for amount of coffee consumed:

b) Construct a histogram for the % relative frequencies. Be sure to label the axes and identify each "tick mark" \rightarrow

8. a) If a pie chart were used to illustrate the responses to Question 2, how many degrees should you make the central angle for the "Much more optimistic" response? (round your answer to the nearest degree)

b) If a Pareto chart were used to illustrate the responses to Question 59, how high would the first bar on the left be?
(The numbers in the right column represent % of respondents.)

MACLEAN'S/CBC POLL TEXT

2.	Are you more or less optimistic about the future than you were a decade ago	
	Much more optimistic	9
	A little more optimistic	23
	Feelings not changed much	27
	A little more pessimistic	28
	Much more pessimistic	12
59.	Suppose you have a 17-year old teenage daughter who became pregnant, and she did not wish to continue the relationship with the male she became pregnant by, which of the following would you be most likely to advise that she do?	
	Have an abortion	19
	Have the child, but give it up for adoption	20
	Keep the child and be a single parent	44
	Allow her to make her own decision (Volunteered)	9
	Don't know	7

1999 Vancouver Canucks Training Camp

9. a) Identify the variable in each of the following examples as “discrete” or “continuous”:

- (i) the player’s weight
- (ii) the year that the player was born

b) Identify the level of measurement of:

- (i) the player’s sweater
- (ii) the year that the player was born
- (iii) the height of the player

c) Construct a frequency table for the weights (WT column) of the players.

Weights	Tally	Frequency
165 – 174		
175 – 184		
185 – 194		
195 – 204		
205 – 214		
215 – 224		
225 – 234		

d) What is the class mark of the first class?

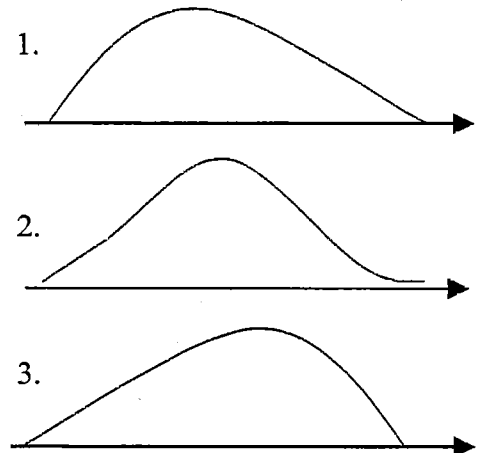
e) Construct a histogram for the weights;

- label each axis
- identify the number that corresponds to each tick mark on each axis.

10. Which histogram shape to the right

- a) is called skewed to the left? _____
- b) do you think best suits the variable “ages of B.C. women who got married in 1999”? Briefly explain why you chose the one you did.

FORWARDS					
PLAYER	POS.	HT	WT	BIRTHPLACE	DATE
44: Beruzzi, Todd	LW	6'3"	230	Sudbury, ON	Feb. 2, 1975
48: Boddker, Stewart	C	6'1"	190	Penticton, BC	Sept. 15, 1976
64: Boinin, Brian	C	5'10"	185	St. Paul, MN	Nov. 28, 1973
8: Brashear, Donald	LW	6'2"	230	Bedford, IN	Jan. 7, 1972
50: Brown, Mike	LW	6'4"	205	Surrey, BC	Apr. 27, 1979
25: Cassels, Andrew	C	6'1"	185	Bramalea, ON	July 23, 1969
41: Chubarov, Artem	C	6'1"	190	Novgorod, Russia	Dec. 12, 1979
24: Cooke, Matt	C	5'11"	205	Belleville, ON	Sept. 7, 1978
54: Druken, Harold	C	6'0"	200	St. John's, NFLD	Jan. 26, 1979
43: Ferone, Paul	RW	5'11"	190	Vancouver, BC	Apr. 2, 1976
15: Gendron, Martin	RW	5'8"	190	Valleyfield, PQ	Feb. 15, 1974
58: Gustafsson, Marcus	LW	6'0"	190	Krivstjärn, SWE	Sept. 24, 1974
21: Holden, Josh	C	6'0"	190	Calgary, AB	Jan. 18, 1978
18: Kariya, Steve	LW	5'7"	170	North Vancouver, BC	Dec. 22, 1977
69: Kavanagh, Pat	RW	6'3"	195	Ottawa, ON	Mar. 14, 1979
26: Klatt, Trent	RW	6'1"	210	Robbinsdale, MN	Jan. 30, 1971
68: Lee, Mike	RW	6'0"	215	Anchorage, AK	May 22, 1980
74: Leeb, Brad	RW	5'11"	180	Red Deer, AB	Aug. 27, 1979
14: Hendrickson, Darby	C	6'1"	195	Richfield, MN	Aug. 28, 1972
66: Matis, Vince	RW	6'2"	215	Philadelphia, PA	Nov. 11, 1978
9: May, Brad	LW	6'0"	210	Turville, ON	Nov. 29, 1971
11: Messier, Mark	C	6'1"	210	Edmonton, AB	Jan. 18, 1961
89: Mogilny, Alex	RW	5'11"	205	Khabarovsk, Russia	Feb. 18, 1969
17: Muckalt, Bill	RW	6'0"	200	Surrey, BC	July 15, 1974
19: Naslund, Markus	LW	5'11"	195	Ornskoldsvik, SWE	July 30, 1977
51: Pearson, Rob	RW	6'3"	200	Oshawa, ON	Mar. 8, 1971
39: Ready, Ryan	LW	6'2"	185	Peterborough, ON	Nov. 7, 1978
72: Rowe, Randy	LW	5'11"	195	Burlford, ON	Jun. 15, 1980
37: Ruutu, Jarkko	LW	6'2"	195	Helsinki, FIN	Aug. 23, 1975
47: Savoie, Roggio	C/LW	6'0"	190	Montreal, PQ	May 1, 1970
20: Scatchard, Dave	C	6'2"	217	Hilton, AB	Feb. 20, 1976
29: Schaefer, Peter	LW	5'11"	195	Regina, SK	July 12, 1977
52: Shadley, Larry	RW	6'6"	215	Dunnville, ON	Feb. 6, 1978
75: Shrum, Steve	C	5'10"	180	Edmonton, AB	Oct. 9, 1979
73: Smithson, Jarrod	C	6'2"	190	Vernon, BC	Feb. 4, 1979
53: Soling, Jonas	LW	6'4"	195	Stockholm, SWE	Sept. 7, 1978
71: Thorpe, Ryan	LW	6'4"	205	White Rock, BC	Feb. 8, 1981
38: Vait, Lubomir	C	5'8"	165	Spisska Nova Ves, SL	Mar. 6, 1977
27: York, Harry	C	6'2"	220	Poroka, AB	Apr. 16, 1974



11. If the weights of newborns are grouped into the weight intervals shown to the right,

- what is the **class width**?
- what are the **boundaries** of the first class?

Weights (kg)
2.3 – 2.7
2.8 – 3.2
3.3 – 3.7
3.8 – 4.2
4.3 – 4.7

12. Construct a stem and leaf plot for the earthquake magnitudes.

Stem	Leaves

You do **not** have to put the leaves in order.

Earthquake Magnitudes (Richter Scale)
1.6
0.7
3.2
1.8
2.3
3.6
0.9
1.4
1.7
2.8
3.5
4.1
5.6
2.7
2.5

13. The data to the right represents the first 20 responses to the question “How many hours per week do you plan to study for this course outside of class?”

- Construct a frequency table for the “study hours”.

Study Hours	Tally	Frequency
0 – 2		
2.5 – 4.5		
5 – 7		
7.5 – 9.5		
10 – 12		
12.5 – 14.5		
15 – 17		

Math 101-1 Statistics Survey
8.0
4.0
8.0
5.0
6.0
4.5
8.0
7.0
9.0
3.5
7.0
2.0
8.0
12.0
5.0
4.5
15.0
8.0
4.0
6.0

- What are the **boundaries** of the last class?
- What is the **class mark** of the second class?
- What is the **class width**?
- Construct a histogram for the study hours.
 - label** both axes
 - identify** tick marks on each axis.
- Construct a stem and leaf plot for the study hours.

14. Set up a frequency table with 5 classes for the following IQ data scores:

105 122 94 89 101 100 85 96 102 100
 96 117 96 120 99 105 96 108 92 89

- a) Range = _____ b) Class Width = _____
 c) Complete the table using lowest score as the starting point.

Class	Tally	Frequency	Relative Frequency (%)	Cumulative Frequency

- d) Draw a relative frequency histogram using **class boundaries** (be sure to label fully).
 e) Determine the class mark for the 4th class.

15. a) What is the level of measurement for the responses to Question 40?

b) If a Pareto chart were used for the responses to Question 41, how high (in %) should you plot the first bar on the left?

c) If a Pie chart were used for the responses to Question 40, how many degrees should you make the central angle for the "Very Upset" response? (Round to the nearest degree.)

MACLEAN'S /CBC POLL	
40. How do you feel about the amount of tax you pay	%
Very upset.....	31
Somewhat upset.....	46
Not very upset.....	15
Not upset at all.....	8
41. (Asked of those who answered "very upset" or "somewhat upset" to question 40) Which tax do you get the most upset about?	
Personal income tax.....	37
GST and sales taxes generally.....	49
Property and municipal taxes.....	12
Don't know/refused.....	2

MACLEAN'S/DECEMBER 28, 1998/JANUARY 4, 1999

16. The data to the right represent the first 20 student responses to the question "How many hours of sleep did you get last night?".

Math 101
Survey
Sleep Hrs.

a) Construct a frequency table for the sleep hours.

Sleep Hours	Tally	Frequency
3.0 – 4.0		
4.5 – 5.5		
6.0 – 7.0		
7.5 – 8.5		
9.0 – 10.0		
10.5 – 11.5		

b) What are the **boundaries** of the first class?

c) What is the **class mark** of the last class?

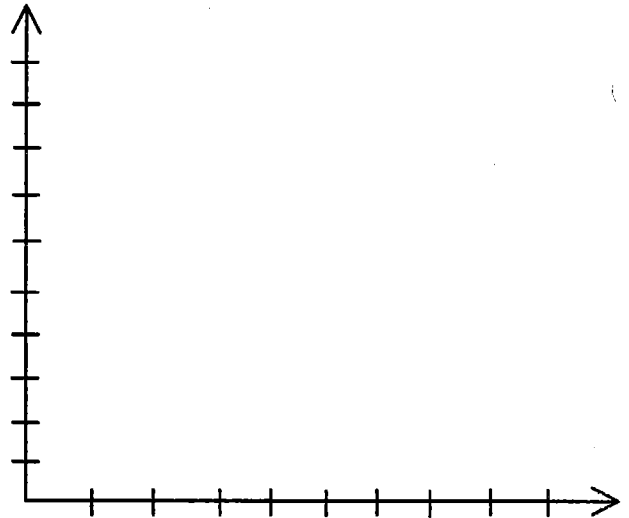
d) What is the **class width**?

e) Construct a histogram for the sleep hours:
 • **label** each axis
 • **identify** the numbers for each tick mark on each axis

f) Construct a stem and leaf plot for the sleep hours.

Stem	Leaves
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	

6.5
5.5
10.5
7.0
9.0
4.0
7.5
9.0
7.0
3.5
6.5
9.0
9.0
7.0
7.0
8.0
6.5
9.5
8.0
4.0



You do not have to put the leaves in order.